

## DRUG USER EXPENDITURES

**Table 1. Total U.S. Expenditures on Illicit Drugs, 1988–2000 (\$ Billions)**

Year	Cocaine	Heroin	Marijuana	Methamphetamine	Other drugs	Total
1988	\$107.0	\$26.1	\$12.1	\$5.8	\$3.3	\$154
1989	\$88.4	\$24.3	\$11.0	\$5.8	\$2.8	\$132
1990	\$69.9	\$22.5	\$15.0	\$5.7	\$2.2	\$115
1991	\$57.1	\$20.3	\$14.0	\$3.7	\$2.3	\$97
1992	\$49.9	\$17.2	\$14.6	\$4.8	\$1.5	\$88
1993	\$45.0	\$13.8	\$12.0	\$5.1	\$1.5	\$77
1994	\$42.8	\$13.2	\$12.2	\$7.6	\$2.6	\$78
1995	\$40.0	\$13.2	\$10.2	\$9.2	\$2.7	\$75
1996	\$39.2	\$12.8	\$9.5	\$10.1	\$2.7	\$74
1997	\$34.7	\$11.4	\$10.5	\$9.3	\$2.5	\$68
1998	\$34.9	\$11.1	\$10.8	\$8.0	\$2.3	\$67
1999	\$35.6	\$10.1	\$10.6	\$5.8	\$2.6	\$65
2000*	\$35.3	\$10.0	\$10.5	\$5.4	\$2.4	\$64

\*Estimates for 2000 are projections.

Note: Amounts are in constant 2000 dollars.

Source: Office of National Drug Control Policy, *What America's Users Spend on Illegal Drugs, 1988–2000*, (in press).

## DRUG USE

**Table 2. Trends in Selected Drug Use Indicators, 1979–2000<sup>1</sup> (Estimated Number and Percent Prevalence)**

Year	Current use of any illicit drug <sup>2</sup>	Current cocaine use <sup>2</sup>	Occasional (less than monthly) cocaine use	Current marijuana use <sup>2</sup>	Lifetime heroin use	Any adolescent illicit drug use <sup>2</sup>	Lifetime adolescent inhalant use <sup>4</sup>
<b>Users (thousands)</b>							
1979	25,400	4,700	—	23,800	2,300	4,100	—
1982	—	4,500	—	21,500	1,800	2,800	—
1985	23,300	5,700	7,100	18,600	1,800	3,200	—
1988	15,000	3,100	5,100	12,400	1,700	1,900	—
1990	13,500	1,700	3,700	10,900	1,500	1,600	—
1991	13,400	2,000	3,800	10,400	2,400	1,400	—
1992	12,000	1,400	3,000	9,700	1,700	1,300	—
1993	12,300	1,400	2,700	9,600	2,100	1,400	—
1994	12,600	1,400	2,400	10,100	2,100	1,800	1,500
1995	12,800	1,500	2,500	9,800	2,500	2,400	1,600
1996	13,000	1,700	2,600	10,100	2,400	2,000	1,300
1997	13,900	1,500	2,600	11,100	2,000	2,600	1,600
1998	13,600	1,800	2,400	11,000	2,400	2,300	1,400
1999-CAI	13,829	1,552	1,926	10,458	3,054	2,265	2,118
2000-CAI	14,027	1,213	1,732	10,714	2,779	2,264	2,079
<b>Rate of use (%)</b>							
1979	14.1	2.6	—	13.2	1.3	16.3	—
1982	—	2.4	—	11.5	1.0	—	—
1985	12.1	3.0	3.7	9.7	0.9	13.2	—
1988	7.7	1.6	2.6	6.2	0.9	8.1	—
1990	6.7	0.9	1.8	5.4	0.8	7.1	—
1991	6.6	1.0	1.9	5.1	1.2	5.8	—
1992	5.8	0.7	1.5	4.7	0.8	5.3	—
1993	5.9	0.7	1.3	4.6	1.0	5.7	—
1994	6.0	0.7	1.2	4.8	1.0	8.2	7.0
1995	6.1	0.7	1.2	4.7	1.2	10.9	7.4
1996	6.1	0.8	1.2	4.7	1.1	9.0	5.9
1997	6.4	0.7	1.2	5.1	0.9	11.4	7.2
1998	6.2	0.8	1.1	5.0	1.1	9.9	6.1
1999-PAPI	7.0	0.8	—	5.4	—	9.0	—
1999-CAI	6.3	0.7	0.9	4.7	1.4	9.8	9.1
2000-CAI	6.3	0.5	0.8	4.8	1.2	9.7	8.9

— Data not available.

<sup>1</sup>In 1999, the survey methodology changed from a paper-and-pencil interview (PAPI) to a computer-assisted interview (CAI). A PAPI supplement conducted in 1999 provides estimates that are comparable to previous years. Estimates based on the new CAI methodology are not directly comparable to previous years.

<sup>2</sup>Data for past-month (current) use.

<sup>3</sup>Ages 12–17 years.

<sup>4</sup>Prior to a 1994 questionnaire change; data did not allow separate reporting for this age group.

Note: “Any illicit drug use” includes use of marijuana, cocaine, hallucinogens, inhalants (except in 1982), heroin, or nonmedical use of sedatives, tranquilizers, stimulants, or analgesics. The exclusion of inhalants in 1982 is believed to have resulted in underestimates of any illicit use for that year, especially for adolescents.

Sources: National Institute on Drug Abuse (1979–1991), and Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (1992–2000), *National Household Survey on Drug Abuse*.

**Table 3. Estimated Number of Chronic and Occasional Users of Cocaine and Heroin, 1988–2000 (Thousands)**

Year	Cocaine users		Heroin users	
	Occasional <sup>1</sup>	Chronic <sup>2</sup>	Occasional <sup>1</sup>	Chronic <sup>2</sup>
1988	6,000	3,984	170	1,341
1989	5,300	3,824	150	1,266
1990	4,600	3,558	140	1,119
1991	4,478	3,379	359	1,015
1992	3,503	3,269	304	955
1993	3,332	3,081	230	945
1994	2,930	3,032	281	932
1995	3,082	2,866	428	923
1996	3,425	2,828	455	910
1997	3,487	2,847	597	904
1998	3,216	2,800	253	901
1999	3,216	2,755	253	898
2000*	3,035	2,707	253	898

Note: Data in this table are preliminary composite estimates derived from the *National Household Survey on Drug Abuse* (NHSDA) and the *Arrestee Drug Abuse Monitoring (ADAM)* program (see W. Rhodes "Synthetic Estimation Applied to the Prevalence of Drug Use," *Journal of Drug Issues* 23(2):297–321, 1993, for a detailed description of the methodology). The NHSDA was not administered in 1989. Estimates for 1989 are the average for 1988 and 1990.

\*Estimates for 2000 are projections.

<sup>1</sup> "Occasional" is defined as using drugs fewer than 10 days per month.

<sup>2</sup> "Chronic" is defined as more than 10 days per month.

Source: Office of National Drug Control Policy, *What America's Users Spend on Illegal Drugs, 1988–2000*, (in press).

**Table 4. Drug Use by Current Employment Status,<sup>1</sup> 1995–2000<sup>2</sup> (Percent Prevalence)**

	Full-time	Part-time	Unemployed	Other <sup>3</sup>
<b>Past month use of any illicit drug</b>				
1995	5.5	9.0	14.3	3.1
1996	6.2	8.6	12.5	3.0
1997	6.5	7.7	13.8	3.0
1998	6.4	7.4	18.2	2.8
1999 CAI	6.1	6.3	6.2	3.3
2000 CAI	6.3	7.8	15.4	3.5
<b>Past month use of marijuana</b>				
1995	4.2	7.5	12.6	1.9
1996	4.9	6.2	10.0	2.3
1997	5.0	6.6	12.2	2.4
1998	5.1	6.5	15.1	2.0
1999 CAI	4.7	6.6	12.1	2.2
2000 CAI	4.8	6.3	13.3	2.5
<b>Past month use of cocaine</b>				
1995	0.7	0.8	2.1	0.4
1996	0.9	1.1	2.4	0.4
1997	0.7	0.9	2.4	0.3
1998	0.9	0.5	3.4	0.4
1999 CAI	0.8	0.8	2.9	0.3
2000 CAI	0.6	0.9	2.0	0.3

<sup>1</sup>Data on current employment are for persons age 18 and older.

<sup>2</sup>In 1999, the survey methodology changed from a paper-and-pencil interview to a computer-assisted interview (CAI). Estimates based on the new CAI methodology are not directly comparable to previous years.

<sup>3</sup>Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or “other.”

Source: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *National Household Survey on Drug Abuse* (1995–2000).

**Table 5. Trends in 30-Day Prevalence of Selected Drugs Among 8<sup>th</sup>, 10<sup>th</sup>, and 12<sup>th</sup> Graders, Monitoring the Future Study, 1991–2001 (Percent Prevalence)**

<b>Selected drug/grade</b>	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2000-2001 Change
<b>Marijuana/hashish</b>												
8 <sup>th</sup> grade	3.2	3.7	5.1	7.8	9.1	11.3	10.2	9.7	9.7	9.1	9.2	+0.1
10 <sup>th</sup> grade	8.7	8.1	10.9	15.8	17.2	20.4	20.5	18.7	19.4	19.7	19.8	0.0
12 <sup>th</sup> grade	13.8	11.9	15.5	19.0	21.2	21.9	23.7	22.8	23.1	21.6	22.4	+0.8
<b>Inhalants<sup>1</sup></b>												
8 <sup>th</sup> grade	4.4	4.7	5.4	5.6	6.1	5.8	5.6	4.8	5.0	4.5	4.0	-0.5
10 <sup>th</sup> grade	2.7	2.7	3.3	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.0	2.9	2.6	2.6	2.4	-0.1
12 <sup>th</sup> grade <sup>2</sup>	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.7	3.2	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.0	2.2	1.7	-0.5
<b>Hallucinogens</b>												
8 <sup>th</sup> grade	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	0.0
10 <sup>th</sup> grade	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.4	3.3	2.8	3.3	3.2	2.9	2.3	2.1	-0.2
12 <sup>th</sup> grade	2.2	2.1	2.7	3.1	4.4	3.5	3.9	2.8	3.5	3.5	3.2	+0.6
<b>LSD</b>												
8 <sup>th</sup> grade	0.6	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.0
10 <sup>th</sup> grade	1.5	1.6	1.6	2.0	3.0	2.4	2.8	2.7	2.3	1.6	1.5	-0.2
12 <sup>th</sup> grade	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.6	4.0	2.5	3.1	3.2	2.7	1.6	2.3	+0.7s
<b>Cocaine</b>												
8 <sup>th</sup> grade	0.5	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	-0.1
10 <sup>th</sup> grade	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.2	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.8	1.3	-0.4
12 <sup>th</sup> grade	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.1	2.1	-0.1
<b>Stimulants</b>												
8 <sup>th</sup> grade	2.6	3.3	3.6	3.6	4.2	4.6	3.8	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.2	-0.3
10 <sup>th</sup> grade	3.3	3.6	4.3	4.5	5.3	5.5	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.4	5.6	+0.2
12 <sup>th</sup> grade	3.2	2.8	3.7	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.8	4.6	4.5	5.0	5.6	+0.2
<b>Alcohol (any use)<sup>3</sup></b>												
8 <sup>th</sup> grade	25.1	26.1	24.3	25.5	24.6	26.2	24.5	23.0	24.0	22.4	21.5	-0.9
10 <sup>th</sup> grade	42.8	39.9	38.2	39.2	38.8	40.4	40.1	38.8	40.0	41.0	39.0	-2.0
12 <sup>th</sup> grade	54.0	51.3	48.6	50.1	51.3	50.8	52.7	52.0	51.0	50.0	49.8	-0.3

Notes: Level of significance of difference between the two most recent classes: s=.05. Any inconsistency between the 2000–2001 change estimate and the respective prevalence estimates is due to rounding.

<b>Approximate Ns</b>	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
8 <sup>th</sup> grade	17,500	18,600	18,300	17,300	17,500	17,800	18,600	18,100	16,700	17,300	16,200
10 <sup>th</sup> grade	14,800	14,800	15,300	15,800	17,000	15,600	15,500	15,000	13,600	14,600	14,000
12 <sup>th</sup> grade	15,000	15,800	16,300	15,400	15,400	14,300	15,400	15,200	13,600	13,300	12,800

<sup>1</sup> Unadjusted for underreporting of amyl and butyl nitrites.

<sup>2</sup> Data for 12<sup>th</sup> graders only are based on five of six questionnaire forms; N is five-sixths of N indicated.

<sup>3</sup> For all grades: For 1993, the question text was changed slightly in one-half of the forms to indicate that a "drink" meant "more than a few sips." For 1993, N is one-half of N indicated for all groups. Data after 1993 were based on all forms for all grades.

**Table 6. Trends in Harmfulness of Drugs as Perceived by 8<sup>th</sup>, 10<sup>th</sup>, and 12<sup>th</sup> Graders, Monitoring the Future Study, 1991–2001**

Drug Behavior	Percentage saying “great risk” <sup>1</sup>												2000–2001 Change	
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001			
<b>8<sup>th</sup> grade</b>														
How much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .														
Try marijuana once or twice	40.4	39.1	36.2	31.6	28.9	27.9	25.3	28.1	28.0	29.0	27.7	-1.3		
Smoke marijuana occasionally	57.9	56.3	53.8	48.6	45.9	44.3	43.1	45.0	45.7	47.4	46.3	-1.2		
Smoke marijuana regularly	83.8	82.0	79.6	74.3	73.0	70.9	72.7	73.0	73.9	74.8	72.2	-2.5		
Try crack once or twice <sup>2</sup>	62.8	61.2	57.2	54.4	50.8	51.0	49.9	49.3	48.7	48.5	48.6	+0.2		
Take crack occasionally <sup>2</sup>	82.2	79.6	76.8	74.4	72.1	71.6	71.2	70.6	70.6	70.1	70.0	-0.1		
Try cocaine powder once or twice <sup>2</sup>	55.5	54.1	50.7	48.4	44.9	45.2	45.0	44.0	43.3	43.3	43.9	+0.6		
Take cocaine powder occasionally <sup>2</sup>	77.0	74.3	71.8	69.1	66.4	65.7	65.8	65.2	65.4	65.5	65.8	+0.4		
Approximate N	17,437	18,662	18,366	17,394	17,501	17,926	18,765	18,100	16,700	17,300	16,200			
<b>10<sup>th</sup> grade</b>														
How much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .														
Try marijuana once or twice	30.0	31.9	29.7	24.4	21.5	20.0	18.8	19.6	19.2	18.5	17.9	-0.5		
Smoke marijuana occasionally	48.6	48.9	46.1	38.9	35.4	32.8	31.9	32.5	33.5	32.4	31.2	-1.2		
Smoke marijuana regularly	82.1	81.1	78.5	71.3	67.9	65.9	65.9	65.8	65.9	64.7	62.8	-1.9		
Try crack once or twice	70.4	69.6	66.6	64.7	60.9	60.9	59.2	58.0	57.8	56.1	57.1	+1.0		
Take crack occasionally	87.4	86.4	84.4	83.1	81.2	80.3	78.7	77.5	79.1	76.9	77.3	+0.4		
Try cocaine powder once or twice	59.1	59.2	57.5	56.4	53.5	53.6	52.2	50.9	51.6	48.8	50.6	+1.7		
Take cocaine powder occasionally	82.2	80.1	79.1	77.8	75.6	75.0	73.9	71.8	73.6	70.9	72.3	+1.5		
Approximate N	14,719	14,808	15,298	15,880	17,006	15,670	15,640	15,000	13,600	14,600	14,000			
<b>12<sup>th</sup> grade</b>														
How much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .														
Try marijuana once or twice	27.1	24.5	21.9	19.5	16.3	15.6	14.9	16.7	15.7	13.7	15.3	+1.6		
Smoke marijuana occasionally	40.6	39.6	35.6	30.1	25.6	25.9	24.7	24.4	23.9	23.4	23.5	+0.1		
Smoke marijuana regularly	78.6	76.5	72.5	65.0	60.8	59.9	58.1	58.5	57.4	58.3	57.4	-0.9		
Try crack once or twice	60.6	62.4	57.6	58.4	54.6	56.0	54.0	52.2	48.2	48.4	49.4	+1.0		
Take crack occasionally	76.5	76.3	73.9	73.8	72.8	71.4	70.3	68.7	67.3	65.8	65.4	-0.4		
Try cocaine powder once or twice	53.6	57.1	53.2	55.4	52.0	53.2	51.4	48.5	46.1	47.0	49.0	+2.0		
Take cocaine powder occasionally	69.8	70.8	68.6	70.6	69.1	68.8	67.7	65.4	64.2	64.7	63.2	-1.5		
Approximate N	2,549	2,684	2,759	2,591	2,603	2,449	2,579	2,500	2,300	2,130	2,173			

Note: s=.05; Any inconsistency between the 2000–2001 change estimate and the respective prevalence estimates is due to rounding.

<sup>1</sup>Answer alternatives were: (1) no risk, (2) slight risk, (3) moderate risk, (4) great risk, and (5) can't say, drug unfamiliar.

<sup>2</sup>8th and 10th grade: Beginning in 1997, data based on two-thirds of N indicated due to changes in questionnaire forms.

Source: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan, *Monitoring the Future* study (December 2001).

**Table 7. Percentage of High School Students Who Used Selected Drugs by Sex, Race/Ethnicity, and Grade, Youth Risk Behavior Survey, 1990, 1991, 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999**

Drug Use Behavior and Year	Sex		Race/Ethnicity			Grade Level				All Groups
	Male	Female	White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic	9 <sup>th</sup>	10 <sup>th</sup>	11 <sup>th</sup>	12 <sup>th</sup>	
Lifetime marijuana										
1990	—	—	—	—	—	20.6	27.9	34.7	42.2	31.4
1991	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	31.0
1993	36.8	28.6	32.7	33.6	35.4	24.4	28.8	36.0	40.8	32.8
1995	46.2	39.4	40.5	47.2	49.2	33.8	41.4	45.8	47.0	42.4
1997	50.7	42.9	45.4	52.2	49.5	38.8	45.9	50.3	52.4	47.1
1999	51.0	43.4	45.9	48.6	51.0	34.8	49.1	49.7	58.4	47.2
Current marijuana <sup>1</sup>										
1990	—	—	—	—	—	9.5	13.5	13.9	18.5	13.9
1991	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15.0
1993	20.6	14.6	17.3	18.6	19.4	13.2	16.5	18.4	22.0	17.7
1995	28.4	22.0	24.6	28.6	27.8	20.9	25.6	27.6	26.2	25.3
1997	30.2	21.4	25.0	28.2	28.6	23.6	25.0	29.3	26.6	26.2
1999	30.8	22.6	26.4	26.4	28.2	21.7	27.8	26.7	31.5	26.7
Lifetime cocaine use <sup>2</sup>										
1990	—	—	—	—	—	3.6	5.8	7.6	9.3	6.6
1991	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6.0
1993	5.5	4.2	4.6	1.6	11.3	4.2	3.7	5.1	6.1	4.9
1995	8.8	5.0	6.5	2.0	16.0	5.7	7.5	7.2	7.4	7.0
1997	9.1	7.2	8.0	1.9	14.4	6.7	7.5	9.1	9.2	8.2
1999	10.7	8.4	9.9	2.2	15.3	5.8	9.9	9.9	13.7	9.5
Current cocaine use <sup>1</sup>										
1990	—	—	—	—	—	1.0	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.1
1991	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.0
1993	2.3	1.4	1.6	1.0	4.6	1.6	1.4	2.1	2.1	1.9
1995	4.3	1.8	2.6	1.3	7.5	3.1	2.5	3.6	3.1	3.1
1997	4.0	2.4	3.1	0.7	6.2	3.9	2.6	3.1	3.5	3.3
1999	5.2	2.9	4.1	1.1	6.7	3.4	3.7	4.5	4.8	4.0
Lifetime use of illegal steroids										
1990	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1991	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.0
1993	3.1	1.2	1.9	2.4	3.0	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.2
1995	4.9	2.4	3.8	1.6	4.7	4.1	3.6	3.9	2.9	3.7
1997	4.1	2.0	3.1	1.5	3.4	4.3	3.0	2.7	2.5	3.1
1999	5.2	2.2	4.1	2.2	4.1	4.7	3.6	3.0	3.3	3.7
Lifetime injected drug use										
1990	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1991	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1993	1.9	0.8	1.3	0.9	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.4
1995	3.0	1.0	2.0	1.1	2.2	2.8	2.2	1.7	1.6	2.0
1997	2.6	1.5	1.8	1.0	2.2	3.0	2.5	1.6	1.5	2.1
1999	2.8	0.7	1.6	0.9	1.8	1.6	1.2	2.0	2.3	1.8
Episodic heavy drinking <sup>3</sup>										
1990	—	—	—	—	—	27.7	35.7	39.6	44.0	36.9
1991	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	31.0
1993	33.7	26.0	32.6	19.1	33.4	22.0	26.2	31.3	39.1	30.0
1995	36.2	28.6	35.6	18.8	37.7	24.5	30.3	34.9	39.0	32.6
1997	37.3	28.6	37.7	16.1	34.9	25.7	29.9	37.5	39.3	33.4
1999	34.9	28.1	35.8	16.0	32.1	21.1	32.2	34.0	41.6	31.5
Current cigarette <sup>1</sup>										
1990	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1991	28.0	27.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28.0
1993	29.8	30.5	33.7	15.4	28.7	27.8	28.0	31.1	34.5	30.5
1995	35.4	34.3	38.3	19.2	34.0	31.2	33.1	35.8	38.2	34.8
1997	37.7	34.7	39.7	22.7	34.0	33.4	35.3	36.6	36.9	36.4
1999	34.7	34.9	38.6	19.7	32.7	27.6	34.7	36.0	42.8	34.8

— Data not available.

<sup>1</sup>Used one or more times during the past 30 days.

<sup>2</sup>Ever tried any form of cocaine, including powder, crack, or freebase.

<sup>3</sup>Drank five or more drinks of alcohol on at least one occasion on one or more days during the last 30 days.

Sources: "Tobacco, Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among High School Students—United States," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, 40 (45) (1990): 776–84; 41 (37) (1991): 698–703; "Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance—United States (1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999)," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Public Health Service, Department of Health and Human Services.

**Table 8. Percentage of High School Students Who Reported Engaging in Drug-Related Behaviors on School Property by Sex, Race/Ethnicity, and Grade, Youth Risk Behavior Survey, 1990, 1991, 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999**

Drug Use Behavior and Year	Sex		Race/Ethnicity			Grade Level				All Groups
	Male	Female	White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic	9 <sup>th</sup>	10 <sup>th</sup>	11 <sup>th</sup>	12 <sup>th</sup>	
Used marijuana on school property <sup>1</sup>										
1993	7.8	3.3	5.0	7.3	7.5	4.4	6.5	6.5	5.1	5.6
1995	11.9	5.5	7.0	12.3	12.9	8.7	9.8	8.6	8.0	8.8
1997	9.0	4.6	5.8	9.1	10.4	8.1	6.4	7.9	5.7	7.0
1999	10.1	4.4	6.5	7.2	10.7	6.6	7.6	7.0	7.3	7.2
Offered, sold, or was given an illegal drug on school property <sup>2</sup>										
1993	28.5	19.1	24.1	17.5	34.1	21.8	23.7	27.5	23.0	24.0
1995	38.8	24.8	31.7	28.5	40.7	31.0	35.0	32.8	29.1	32.1
1997	37.4	24.7	31.0	25.4	41.1	31.4	33.4	33.2	29.0	31.7
1999	34.7	25.7	28.8	25.3	36.9	27.6	32.1	31.1	30.5	30.2
Tried marijuana before age 13										
1993	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1995	10.2	4.8	5.6	11.1	12.6	9.2	9.1	6.7	5.4	7.6
1997	12.2	6.7	7.5	11.0	13.2	14.9	10.4	8.3	5.8	9.7
1999	14.5	8.0	9.4	14.8	13.8	12.7	12.6	9.5	9.5	11.3
Tried cocaine before age 13 <sup>3</sup>										
1993	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1995	1.8	0.5	0.9	1.3	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.4	0.9	1.2
1997	1.3	0.8	0.9	0.4	1.4	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.3	1.1
1999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

— Data not available.

<sup>1</sup>One or more times during the 30 days preceding the survey.

<sup>2</sup>During the 12 months preceding the survey.

<sup>3</sup> Including powder, crack, and freebase forms of cocaine.

Source: "Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance—United States (1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999)," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Public Health Service, Department of Health and Human Services.

**Table 9. Percentage of Alternative High School Students Who Used Selected Drugs by Sex, Race/Ethnicity, and Grade, 1998**

Drug use behavior	Sex		Race/Ethnicity			Grade Level				All Groups
	Male	Female	White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic	9 <sup>th</sup>	10 <sup>th</sup>	11 <sup>th</sup>	12 <sup>th</sup>	
Lifetime marijuana	88.0	82.1	89.4	77.7	84.0	81.0	85.3	86.0	86.8	85.4
Current marijuana <sup>1</sup>	58.2	46.7	56.7	47.2	50.6	51.2	52.9	55.7	51.2	53.0
Lifetime cocaine use <sup>2</sup>	38.6	33.0	43.8	5.7	46.4	32.7	36.4	37.8	36.5	36.1
Current cocaine use <sup>1</sup>	17.1	13.1	17.7	3.6	19.4	14.8	16.6	15.9	14.1	15.3
Lifetime crack or freebase use	23.5	19.4	26.2	3.5	26.8	20.9	22.9	24.2	18.9	21.6
Lifetime use of illegal steroids	9.8	7.4	10.5	6.6	6.9	12.0	9.6	6.9	7.6	8.7
Lifetime injected drug use	6.8	4.4	7.0	4.1	4.5	7.6	5.6	5.4	4.9	5.7
Episodic heavy drinking <sup>3</sup>	55.4	42.9	58.7	28.4	52.4	43.8	48.1	51.5	51.7	49.8
Current cigarette use <sup>1</sup>	67.7	59.8	78.6	43.3	53.0	64.5	64.3	64.8	62.2	64.1

— Data not available.

<sup>1</sup>Used one or more times during the past 30 days.<sup>2</sup>Ever tried any form of cocaine, including powder, crack, or freebase.<sup>3</sup>Drank five or more drinks of alcohol on at least one occasion on one or more days during the past 30 days.

Source: "Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance—National Alternative High School Youth Risk Behavior Survey, United States, 1998," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Public Health Service, Department of Health and Human Services.

**Table 10. Annual High School Dropout Rates<sup>1</sup> for Grades 10–12 by Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin, 1980–2000**

Year	All races <sup>2</sup> , both sexes			Male			Female			White			Black			Hispanic Origin <sup>3</sup>		
	Total students	High school dropouts		Total students	High school dropouts		Total students	High school dropouts		Total students	High school dropouts		Total students	High school dropouts		Total students	High school dropouts	
		Number	Rate		Number	Rate		Number	Rate		Number	Rate		Number	Rate		Number	Rate
1980	10,891	658	6.0	5,445	362	6.6	5,448	296	5.4	9,177	517	5.6	1,496	124	8.3	646	74	11.5
1981	10,868	639	5.9	5,379	322	6.0	5,487	316	5.8	9,067	478	5.3	1,516	146	9.6	717	77	10.7
1982	10,611	577	5.4	5,310	305	5.7	5,301	271	5.1	8,769	444	5.1	1,553	121	7.8	652	65	9.4
1983	10,331	535	5.2	5,130	294	5.7	5,200	241	4.6	8,531	410	4.8	1,498	103	6.9	691	68	9.8
1984	10,041	507	5.0	4,986	268	5.4	5,054	238	4.7	8,221	410	5.0	1,524	88	5.8	706	77	10.9
1985	9,704	504	5.2	4,831	259	5.4	4,874	245	5.0	7,967	384	4.8	1,422	110	7.7	729	71	9.7
1986	9,829	421	4.3	4,910	213	4.3	4,917	208	4.2	8,011	333	4.2	1,449	68	4.7	764	91	11.9
1987	9,802	403	4.1	4,921	215	4.4	4,879	187	3.8	7,979	299	3.7	1,463	93	6.4	769	43	5.6
1988	9,590	461	4.8	4,960	256	5.2	4,628	206	4.5	7,727	362	4.7	1,468	93	6.3	730	77	10.5
1989	8,974	404	4.5	4,519	203	4.5	4,453	199	4.5	7,243	286	3.9	1,384	106	7.7	762	59	7.7
1990	8,679	347	4.0	4,356	177	4.1	4,323	170	3.9	6,984	266	3.8	1,303	66	5.1	811	65	8.0
1991	8,612	348	4.0	4,380	167	3.8	4,231	180	4.3	6,856	254	3.7	1,366	85	6.2	809	59	7.3
1992	8,939	384	4.3	4,580	175	3.8	4,357	207	4.8	7,077	292	4.1	1,422	70	4.9	917	72	7.9
1993 <sup>4</sup>	9,430	404	4.3	4,787	211	4.4	4,640	192	4.1	7,442	306	4.1	1,499	80	5.4	1,061	69	6.5
1993	9,021	382	4.2	4,570	199	4.4	4,452	183	4.1	7,152	290	4.1	1,447	78	5.3	943	60	6.4
1994	9,922	497	5.0	5,048	249	4.9	4,873	247	5.1	7,862	371	4.7	1,559	96	6.1	1,179	109	9.2
1995	10,106	544	5.4	5,161	297	5.8	4,946	247	5.0	7,926	402	5.1	1,598	97	6.1	1,251	145	11.6
1996	10,249	485	4.7	5,175	240	4.6	5,072	244	4.8	8,005	361	4.5	1,704	107	6.3	1,195	100	8.4
1997	10,645	454	4.3	5,330	251	4.7	5,313	203	3.8	8,402	355	4.2	1,678	80	4.8	1,377	119	8.6
1998	10,791	479	4.4	5,486	237	4.3	5,305	243	4.6	8,487	371	4.4	1,759	88	5.0	1,388	115	8.4
1999	11,067	520	4.7	5,659	243	4.3	5,411	277	5.1	8,665	380	4.4	1,794	107	6.0	1,482	105	7.1
2000	10,773	488	4.5	5,417	280	5.2	5,356	208	3.9	8,540	371	4.3	1,706	96	5.6	1,485	100	6.8

<sup>1</sup>Numbers in thousands; civilian noninstitutionalized population.<sup>2</sup>All races<sup>2</sup> includes whites, blacks, and other races not shown separately.<sup>3</sup>Hispanics may be of any race.<sup>4</sup>= Revised, controlled to 1990 census-based population estimates; previous 1993 data controlled to 1990 census-based estimates.Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Education and Social Stratification Branch, *Current Population Survey* (1980–2000).

**Table 11. Past-Month Drug Use for Youth Aged 12–21, by Age, Dropout Status, Type of Drug Used, and Race/Ethnicity: 1992 Youth Risk Behavior Survey (Percent Prevalence)**

Race/ethnicity	Age	Dropout status	Marijuana use past 30 days	Cocaine use past 30 days
White	12–15	Nondropout	4.02	0.34
		Dropout	4.12	*
	16–21	Nondropout	15.93	1.61
		Dropout	27.60	4.12
Black	12–15	Nondropout	1.21	—
		Dropout	16.21	—
	16–21	Nondropout	13.24	1.00
		Dropout	20.80	4.40
Hispanic	12–15	Nondropout	3.96	0.81
		Dropout	*	*
	16–21	Nondropout	14.92	2.89
		Dropout	11.56	2.83
Other	12–15	Nondropout	4.56	*
		Dropout	*	*
	16–21	Nondropout	5.85	*
		Dropout	*	—

\*Low precision, no estimate reported.

— No respondents.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, *National Health Interview Survey/Youth Risk Behavior Survey* (1992).**Table 12. The Lifetime Costs of Dropping Out of High School (1993 \$)**

	Total costs	Present value (2% discount rate)	Present value (10% discount rate)
Lost wage/productivity	\$360,000	\$186,500	\$15,300
Fringe benefits	\$90,000	\$46,600	\$3,800
Nonmarket losses	\$113,000–450,000	\$58,300–233,200	\$4,900–19,200
Total	\$563,000–900,000	\$291,000–466,000	\$24,000–38,300

Note: Numbers may not add to totals due to rounding.

Source: Cohen, Mark, *The Monetary Value of Saving a High Risk Youth* (1995).**Table 13. Summary of the Monetary Value of Saving a High-Risk Youth (\$ Thousands)**

	Total costs	Present value with 2% discount rate	Present value with 10% discount rate
Career criminal	1,200–1,500	1,000–1,300	650–850
Heavy drug user	435–1,051	333–809	159–391
High school dropout	563–900	291–466	24–38
LESS duplication (crimes committed by heavy drug users)	(252–696)	(196–540)	(96–264)
Total	1,900–2,700	1,500–2,000	700–1,000

Note: Numbers may not add to totals due to rounding.

Source: Cohen, Mark, *The Monetary Value of Saving a High Risk Youth* (1995).

**Table 14. Substance Abuse among Probationers, State Prison Inmates, and Federal Prison Inmates**

	Number	Ever Used (%)	Used Regularly (%)*	Used Month Prior to Offense (%)	Used at Time of Offense (%)
<b>Probation (1995)<sup>1</sup></b>	2,065,896	69.4	43.4	31.8	13.5
<b>State prison inmates (1997)<sup>2</sup></b>	1,059,607	83.0	69.6	56.5	32.6
<b>Federal prison inmates (1997)<sup>2</sup></b>	88,018	72.9	57.3	44.8	22.4
<b>Jail inmates (1998)<sup>3**</sup></b>	417,000	70.3	65.5	55.0	35.6

\*Regular use defined as once a week or more for at least a month.

<sup>1</sup>Substance Abuse of Adults on Probation, 1995 (March 1998).

<sup>2</sup>Substance Abuse Among State and Federal Prisoners, 1997 (December 1998).

<sup>3</sup>Drug Use, Testing, and Treatment in Jails, 1998 (May 2000).

\*\*Note: Includes convicted and non-convicted inmates. Other figures include convicted jail inmates only. Based on personal interviews.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Office of Justice Programs, Department of Justice, *1995 Survey of Adults on Probation and 1997 Survey on Inmates in State and Federal Correctional Facilities*.

**Table 15. Alcohol, Drug, and Mental Health (ADM) Problems Among Homeless Clients, 1996**

ADM combination	Past month (%)	Past year (%)	Lifetime (%)
Any ADM problem	66	74	86
Alcohol problem	38	46	62
Drug problem	26	38	58
Mental health problem	39	45	57
<b>Specific Combinations</b>			
Alcohol problem only	13	12	9
Drug problem only	7	7	6
Mental health problem only	17	15	10
Alcohol and drug problems	7	10	15
Alcohol and mental health problems	10	10	15
Drug and mental health problems	5	7	8
Alcohol, drug, and mental health problems	8	14	30
No ADM problems	34	26	14

Source: Interagency Council on the Homeless, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, *Homelessness: Programs and the People They Serve* (1999).

**Table 16. Characteristics Perceived by Respondents to Prevent Exit From Homelessness, 1996**

	Percent
Insufficient income	30
Lack of job	24
No suitable housing	11
Addiction to alcohol or drugs	9
Other	24

Percentages may not sum to 100 due to rounding.

Source: Interagency Council on the Homeless, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, *Homelessness: Programs and the People They Serve* (1999).

**Table 17. Substance Use Experiences by Homeless Status, 1996**

	Currently homeless (%) (N=2,938)	Formerly homeless clients (%) (N=677)	Other service users (%) (N=518)
<b>Started drinking three or more alcoholic beverages a week:</b>			
Before age 15	36	29	13
Between ages 15 and 17	29	28	33
<b>Started using illegal drugs:</b>			
Before age 15	31	28	27
Between ages 15 and 17	32	21	22

Source: Interagency Council on the Homeless, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, *Homelessness: Programs and the People They Serve* (1999).

## DRUG USE CONSEQUENCES

**Table 18. Estimated Costs to Society of Drug Abuse, 1992–2000 (\$ Millions)**

Year	Health care costs	Productivity losses	Other costs	Total
1992	10,820	69,421	21,912	102,154
1993	11,114	77,972	22,410	111,496
1994	11,279	82,685	24,440	118,404
1995	11,305	88,085	27,120	126,510
1996	11,428	92,423	27,444	131,295
1997	12,085	94,470	30,526	137,082
1998	12,862	98,467	32,083	143,411
1999 <sup>1</sup>	13,860	104,353	34,295	152,508
2000 <sup>1</sup>	14,899	110,491	35,274	160,664

<sup>1</sup>Figures for 1999 and 2000 are projections based on observable trends for 1992 through 1998.

Source: Office of National Drug Control Policy. *The Economic Costs of Drug Abuse in the United States, 1992–2000* (September 2001).

**Table 19. Estimated Productivity Losses Due to Drug Abuse, 1992–2000 (\$ Millions)**

Year	Premature death	Drug abuse related illness	Institutionalization/hospitalization	Productivity loss of victims of crime	Incarceration	Crime careers	Total
1992	14,575	14,205	1,477	2,059	17,907	19,198	69,421
1993	21,095	13,766	1,502	2,488	19,366	19,755	77,972
1994	21,905	15,845	1,683	2,554	21,095	19,603	82,685
1995	22,943	17,737	1,872	2,377	22,983	20,172	88,085
1996	19,697	20,270	1,533	2,332	24,833	23,758	92,423
1997	16,771	19,916	1,662	2,293	27,221	26,608	94,470
1998	16,611	23,143	1,786	2,165	30,133	24,627	98,467
1999 <sup>1</sup>	17,439	24,298	1,849	2,118	32,793	25,856	104,353
2000 <sup>1</sup>	18,256	25,435	1,915	2,217	35,601	27,066	110,491

<sup>1</sup>Figures for 1999 and 2000 are projections based on observable trends for 1992–1998.

Source: Office of National Drug Control Policy, *The Economic Costs of Drug Abuse in the United States, 1992–1998* (September 2001).

**Table 20. Number of Deaths and Death Rates from Drug-Induced Causes,<sup>1</sup> by Sex and Race: U.S., 1979–1999<sup>2</sup>**

Year	Both sexes	Male	Female	White	All non-white	Black <sup>3</sup>
<b>Number</b>						
1979	7,101	3,656	3,445	6,116	985	897
1980	6,900	3,771	3,129	5,814	1,086	1,006
1981	7,106	3,835	3,271	5,863	1,243	1,152
1982	7,310	4,130	3,180	5,991	1,319	1,212
1983	7,492	4,145	3,347	6,187	1,305	1,194
1984	7,892	4,640	3,252	6,309	1,583	1,480
1985	8,663	5,342	3,321	6,946	1,717	1,600
1986	9,976	6,284	3,692	7,948	2,028	1,906
1987	9,796	6,146	3,650	7,547	2,249	2,101
1988	10,917	7,004	3,913	8,409	2,508	2,395
1989	10,710	6,895	3,815	8,336	2,374	2,236
1990	9,463	5,897	3,566	7,603	1,860	1,703
1991	10,388	6,593	3,795	8,204	2,184	2,037
1992	11,703	7,766	3,937	9,360	2,343	2,148
1993	13,275	9,052	4,223	10,394	2,881	2,688
1994	13,923	9,491	4,432	10,895	3,028	2,780
1995	14,218	9,909	4,309	11,173	3,045	2,800
1996	14,843	10,093	4,750	11,903	2,940	2,682
1997	15,973	10,991	4,982	12,863	3,110	2,816
1998	16,926	11,462	5,464	13,811	3,115	2,831
1998 ICD-10	20,227	13,697	6,529	16,504	3,722	3,383
1999 ICD-10	19,102	12,873	6,229	15,694	3,408	3,094
<b>Rate per 100,000 population</b>						
1979	3.2	3.4	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.4
1980	3.0	3.4	2.7	3.0	3.4	3.8
1981	3.1	3.4	2.8	3.0	3.8	4.2
1982	3.2	3.7	2.7	3.0	3.9	4.4
1983	3.2	3.6	2.8	3.1	3.8	4.3
1984	3.3	4.0	2.7	3.1	4.5	5.2
1985	3.6	4.6	2.7	3.4	4.8	5.6
1986	4.2	5.4	3.0	3.9	5.5	6.6
1987	4.0	5.2	2.9	3.7	6.0	7.2
1988	4.5	5.9	3.1	4.1	6.5	8.1
1989	4.3	5.7	3.0	4.0	6.0	7.4
1990	3.8	4.9	2.8	3.6	4.6	5.6
1991	4.1	5.4	2.9	3.9	5.3	6.5
1992	4.6	6.2	3.0	4.4	5.6	6.8
1993	5.1	7.2	3.2	4.8	6.7	8.4
1994	5.3	7.5	3.3	5.0	6.9	8.5
1995	5.4	7.7	3.2	5.1	6.8	8.4
1996	5.6	7.8	3.5	5.4	6.5	8.0
1997	6.0	8.4	3.6	5.8	6.7	8.3
1998	6.3	8.7	4.0	6.2	6.6	8.2
1998 ICD-10	7.5	10.4	4.8	7.4	7.9	9.8
1999 ICD-10	7.0	9.7	4.5	7.0	7.1	8.9

<sup>1</sup>Causes of death attributable to drug-induced mortality under ICD-9 include drug psychoses (292); drug dependence (304); nondependent use of drugs not including alcohol and tobacco (305.2–305.9); accidental poisoning by drugs, medicaments, and biologicals (E850–E858); suicide by drugs, medicaments, and biologicals (E950.0–E950.5); assault from poisoning by drugs and medicaments (E962.0); and poisoning by drugs, medicaments, and biologicals, undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted (E980.0–E980.5). Drug-induced causes exclude accidents, homicides, and other causes indirectly related to drug use. Also excluded are newborn deaths associated with mothers' drug use.

<sup>2</sup>In 1999, cause of death coding was revised to ICD-10. Modified figures for 1998 were calculated based on comparability ratios for drug-induced deaths according to ICD-9 and ICD-10. The new coding scheme yields 19.5 percent more drug-induced deaths compared to the old system using 1998 data. The implementation of ICD-10 represents a break in the trend data.

<sup>3</sup>Black is a subgroup of All non-white.

Sources: Murphy, S.L., "Deaths: Final Data for 1998," *National Vital Statistics Reports*, 48 (11) Hyattsville, MD: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention/National Center for Health Statistics (2000) for 1979–1998 ICD-9 data; and Hoyert, D.L., Arias, E., Smith, B.L., et al., "Deaths: Final Data for 1999," *National Vital Statistics Reports*, 49 (8), Hyattsville, MD: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention/National Center for Health Statistics (2001) for 1998–1999 ICD-10 data.

**Table 21. Trends in Drug-Related Emergency Room Episodes and Selected Drug Mentions, 1988–2000**

Year	Emergency room episodes and drug mentions				
	Total drug episodes	Total drug mentions	Total cocaine mentions	Total heroin mentions	Total marijuana mentions
1988	403,578	668,153	101,578	38,063	19,962
1989	425,904	713,392	110,013	41,656	20,703
1990	371,208	635,460	80,355	33,884	15,706
1991	393,968	674,861	101,189	35,898	16,251
1992	433,493	751,731	119,843	48,003	23,997
1993	460,910	796,762	123,423	63,232	28,873
1994	518,521	900,317	142,878	64,013	40,183
1995	513,633	901,206	135,801	70,838	45,271
1996	514,347	907,561	152,433	73,846	53,789
1997	527,058	943,937	161,087	72,010	64,744
1998	542,544	982,856	172,014	77,645	76,870
1999	554,932	1,015,206	168,763	84,409	87,150
2000	601,776	1,100,539	174,896	97,287	96,446

Source: *Drug Abuse Warning Network*, National Institute on Drug Abuse (1988–1991) and Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (1992–2000).

**Table 22. Estimated Number of Persons Living With AIDS<sup>1</sup> by Sex and Exposure Category, 1993–1999**

Sex	Exposure Category							Total	Percent drug-related <sup>3</sup>
	Men who have sex with men (MSM)	Injecting drug use (IDU)	MSM and IDU	Hemophilia/co-agulation disorder	Heterosexual contact	Receipt of blood transfusion <sup>2</sup>	Risk not reported or identified		
<b>Male adult/adolescent</b>									
1993	86,443	34,400	13,854	1,620	6,109	893	989	144,309	33.4%
1994	94,694	40,046	14,884	1,699	7,903	914	940	161,081	34.1%
1995	100,938	44,345	15,687	1,729	9,760	963	937	174,361	34.4%
1996	110,272	46,763	16,453	1,740	12,174	1,035	974	191,410	34.0%
1997	121,991	53,812	17,698	1,788	14,907	1,140	1,023	212,248	33.6%
1998	132,441	58,118	18,682	1,825	17,627	1,253	1,080	231,022	33.2%
1999	143,108	62,418	19,553	1,853	20,495	1,375	1,151	249,951	32.7%
<b>Female adult/adolescent</b>									
1993	N/A	13,844	N/A	92	11,822	755	373	26,886	51.4%
1994	N/A	16,244	N/A	108	15,131	843	376	32,702	49.6%
1995	N/A	18,352	N/A	137	18,478	888	379	38,234	47.9%
1996	N/A	20,357	N/A	164	22,566	980	416	44,484	45.7%
1997	N/A	22,661	N/A	201	26,974	1,088	483	51,396	44.0%
1998	N/A	24,457	N/A	229	31,187	1,203	504	57,578	42.4%
1999	N/A	26,122	N/A	248	35,445	1,318	548	63,682	41.0%

N/A Not applicable.

<sup>1</sup>Excludes pediatric (<13 years old) AIDS cases. These numbers do not represent actual cases of persons living with AIDS. Rather, they are point estimates of persons living with AIDS derived by subtracting the estimated cumulative number of deaths in persons with AIDS from the estimated cumulative number of persons with AIDS. Estimated AIDS cases are adjusted for reporting delays and for redistribution of cases initially reported with no identified risk but not for incomplete reporting. Annual estimates are through the most recent year for which reliable estimates are available.

<sup>2</sup>Includes receipt of blood components or tissue.

<sup>3</sup>Proportion includes injection drug users and MSM who are injection drug users.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, *HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, 2000*; 12 (2) 2001, Table 27.

**Table 23. Estimated Number of Deaths of Persons with AIDS<sup>1</sup> by Sex and Exposure Category, 1993–1999**

Sex	Exposure Category							Total	Percent drug-related <sup>3</sup>
	Men who have sex with men (MSM)	Injecting drug use (IDU)	MSM and IDU	Hemophilia/coagulation disorder	Heterosexual contact	Receipt of blood transfusion <sup>2</sup>	Risk not reported or identified		
<b>Male adult/adolescent</b>									
1993	23,904	9,298	3,184	356	1,591	314	170	38,818	32.1%
1994	25,398	10,387	3,503	348	2,010	307	147	42,100	33.0%
1995	24,914	10,786	3,436	331	2,388	262	102	42,220	33.6%
1996	16,847	8,527	2,585	248	2,108	216	68	30,601	36.3%
1997	8,695	5,369	1,445	137	1,473	107	45	17,271	39.4%
1998	6,983	4,416	1,242	115	1,214	83	29	14,081	40.1%
1999	6,069	4,041	1,124	98	1,230	70	27	12,660	40.7%
<b>Female adult/adolescent</b>									
1993	N/A	3,124	N/A	17	2,656	239	76	6,132	51.2%
1994	N/A	3,600	N/A	27	3,478	225	56	7,486	48.1%
1995	N/A	3,812	N/A	30	3,988	234	56	8,119	46.9%
1996	N/A	3,279	N/A	30	3,434	174	33	6,950	47.1%
1997	N/A	2,146	N/A	21	2,301	94	20	4,582	46.8%
1998	N/A	1,891	N/A	15	2,008	74	15	4,004	47.2%
1999	N/A	1,891	N/A	16	1,989	73	19	3,989	47.4%

N/A Not applicable.

<sup>1</sup>Excludes pediatric (<13 years old) AIDS cases. These numbers do not represent actual deaths of persons with AIDS. Rather, they are point estimates adjusted for delays in the reporting of deaths and for redistribution of cases initially reported with no identified risk, but not for incomplete reporting. Annual estimates are through the most recent year for which reliable estimates are available.

<sup>2</sup>Includes receipt of blood components or tissue.

<sup>3</sup>Proportion includes injection drug users and MSM who are injection drug users.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, *HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, 2000*, 12 (2) 2001, Table 30.

**Table 24. Reported Tuberculosis Cases and Percent of Cases in Injecting and Noninjecting Drug Users, 1996–2000**

Tuberculosis Cases	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Total	21,337	19,851	18,361	17,531	16,377
Number with information on injecting drug use	18,467	17,678	16,849	16,331	15,495
Percent with information on injecting drug use	86.5	89.1	91.8	93.2	94.6
Injecting drug users (%) <sup>1</sup>	3.8	3.3	2.9	2.6	2.5
With information on noninjecting drug use (number)	18,265	17,555	16,730	16,232	15,454
Percent with information on noninjecting drug use	85.6	88.4	91.1	92.6	94.4
Noninjecting drug users (%) <sup>1</sup>	7.7	7.8	7.7	7.1	7.5

<sup>1</sup>Injecting drug use within past 12 months. Percentages shown only for reporting areas with information reported for ≥ 75% of cases.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, *Reported Tuberculosis in the United States, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, and 2000*.

**Table 25. Reported Hepatitis Cases, 1995–1999**

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
<b>Number of reported cases</b>					
Hepatitis A	31,582	31,032	30,021	23,229	17,047
Hepatitis B	10,805	10,637	10,416	10,258	7,694
Hepatitis C	4,576	3,716	3,816	3,518	3,111
<b>Reported cases per 100,000 Population</b>					
Hepatitis A	12.13	11.70	11.22	8.59	6.25
Hepatitis B	4.19	4.01	3.90	3.80	2.82
Hepatitis C	1.78	1.41	1.43	1.30	1.14

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Summary of Notifiable Diseases, United States, 1999. *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* 48 (53), 2001.

**Table 26. Total Crime, Violent Crime, and Property Crime, 1989–2000**

Year	Total crime index		Violent crime index <sup>1</sup>		Murder victims		Property crime <sup>2</sup>	
	Number <sup>3</sup>	Rate <sup>4</sup>	Number <sup>3</sup>	Rate <sup>4</sup>	Total <sup>3</sup>	Related to narcotic drug laws <sup>3</sup>	Number <sup>3</sup>	Rate <sup>4</sup>
1989	14,251,400	5,741.0	1,646,040	663.1	21,500	1,402	12,605,400	5,077.9
1990	14,475,613	5,820.3	1,820,127	731.8	23,438	1,367	12,655,486	5,088.5
1991	14,872,883	5,897.8	1,911,767	758.1	24,703	1,353	12,961,116	5,139.7
1992	14,438,191	5,660.2	1,932,274	757.5	23,760	1,302	12,505,917	4,902.7
1993	14,144,794	5,484.4	1,926,017	746.8	24,526	1,295	12,218,777	4,737.6
1994	13,989,543	5,373.5	1,857,670	713.6	23,326	1,239	12,131,873	4,660.0
1995	13,862,727	5,275.9	1,798,792	684.6	21,606	1,031	12,063,935	4,591.3
1996	13,493,863	5,086.6	1,688,540	636.5	19,645	843	11,805,323	4,450.1
1997	13,194,751	4,930.0	1,636,096	611.3	18,209	786	11,558,475	4,318.7
1998	12,485,714	4,619.3	1,533,887	567.5	16,914	679	10,951,827	4,051.8
1999	11,635,378	4,266.5	1,426,044	523.0	15,522	581	10,208,334	3,743.6
2000	11,605,751	4,124.0	1,424,289	506.1	15,517	669	10,181,462	3,617.9

<sup>1</sup>Violent crime includes the following four offenses: murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

<sup>2</sup>Property crime includes the following offenses: burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

<sup>3</sup>Offenses reported to law-enforcement agencies.

<sup>4</sup>Per 100,000 population.

Source: Federal Bureau of Investigation, U.S. Department of Justice, *Crime in the United States: Uniform Crime Reports* (1990–2001).

**Table 27. Total Estimated Arrests and Drug Arrests, 1989–2000**

Year	Total arrests <sup>1</sup>	Arrests for all drug abuse violations		Distribution of arrests for drug abuse violations <sup>2</sup>					
				Heroin/cocaine <sup>3</sup>		Marijuana		Other drugs	
		Number	Percent	Sale <sup>4</sup>	Possession	Sale <sup>4</sup>	Possession	Sale <sup>4</sup>	Possession
1989	14,340,900	1,361,700	9.4	19.1	34.7	6.2	23.1	7.0	9.8
1990	14,195,100	1,089,500	7.6	21.0	33.3	6.1	23.9	4.5	11.2
1991	14,211,900	1,010,000	7.1	22.5	32.8	6.1	22.4	4.8	11.5
1992	14,075,100	1,066,400	7.5	20.6	32.4	6.6	25.5	4.6	10.4
1993	14,036,300	1,126,300	8.0	19.2	31.1	6.2	27.6	4.3	11.6
1994	14,648,700	1,351,400	9.2	16.8	30.3	5.8	29.8	4.1	13.2
1995	15,119,800	1,476,100	9.7	14.7	27.8	5.8	34.1	4.4	13.3
1996	15,168,100	1,506,200	9.9	14.2	25.6	6.3	36.3	4.3	13.3
1997	15,284,300	1,583,600	10.3	10.3	25.4	5.6	38.3	4.7	15.8
1998	14,528,300	1,559,100	10.7	11.0	25.6	5.4	38.4	4.8	14.8
1999	14,031,070	1,532,200	10.9	10.0	24.5	5.5	40.5	4.1	15.4
2000	13,980,297	1,579,566	10.9	19.0	24.2	5.6	40.9	3.0	13.6

<sup>1</sup>Arrest totals are based on all reporting agencies and estimates for unreported areas from Section IV table entitled "Total Estimated Arrests, United States."

<sup>2</sup>Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.

<sup>3</sup>Includes heroin or cocaine and their derivatives.

<sup>4</sup>Includes sale/manufacture of drugs.

Source: Federal Bureau of Investigation, U.S. Department of Justice, *Crime in the United States: Uniform Crime Reports*, (1990–2001).

**Table 28. Adult Drug Offenders in Custody of State or Federal Prisons, 1989–2000**

Year	All Offenders			Prisoners who are drug offenders (%)		Estimated <sup>1</sup> number of drug offenders		
	State	Federal	Total State and Federal	Federal	State	State	Federal	State and Federal
1989	629,995	53,387	683,382	49.9	19.1	120,300	26,600	147,000
1990	684,544	58,838	743,382	53.5	21.7	148,500	31,500	180,000
1991	728,605	63,930	792,535	55.9	21.3	155,200	35,700	190,900
1992	778,495	72,071	850,566	58.9	22.1	172,000	42,500	214,500
1993	828,566	80,815	909,381	59.2	22.1	183,100	47,800	230,900
1994	904,647	85,500	990,147	60.5	22.4	202,600	51,700	254,300
1995	989,004	89,538	1,078,542	59.9	22.7	224,500	53,600	278,100
1996	1,032,440	95,088	1,127,528	60.0	22.7	234,400	57,100	291,500
1997	1,059,588	99,175	1,176,922	62.6	20.7	219,300	62,100	281,400
1998 <sup>2</sup>	1,178,978	123,041	1,232,900	58.7	20.7	244,000	72,200	316,200
1999	1,209,123	135,246	1,366,369	61.0	21.0	253,900	82,500	336,400
2000	1,236,476	145,416	1,381,892	—	—	—	—	—

— Data not available.

<sup>1</sup>Estimated from total prisoners and percent who are drug offenders and rounded to the nearest 100.

<sup>2</sup>The 1998 prison custody count was estimated and rounded to nearest 100.

Sources: Bureau of Justice Statistics Bulletin, *Prisoners in 2000* (August 2001); *Prisoners in 1999* (August 2000), *Prisoners in 1998* (August 1999), *Prisoners in 1997* (August 1998). *Correctional Populations in the United States, 1989–1995*; Data for 1997 percentages of drug offenders are estimated from Bureau of Justice Statistics Special Report, *Substance Abuse and Treatment, State and Federal Prisoners, 1997* (January 1999) and unpublished Bureau of Prisons data.

## DRUG TREATMENT

**Table 29. One-Day Census of Clients in Treatment, by Facility Ownership, 1980–2000**

Year	Private for-profit	Private nonprofit	State/local government	Federal government	Tribal government	Other	Total
1980	17,977	284,483	150,356	25,977	n/c	n/c	478,793
1982	25,072	274,927	132,525	30,888	n/c	n/c	463,412
1984	60,191	395,831	164,232	45,595	n/c	4,430	670,279
1987	71,837	362,340	152,643	26,565	n/c	n/c	613,385
1989	94,251	441,247	174,649	24,808	n/c	n/c	734,955
1990	113,522	451,951	172,290	27,025	3,041	n/c	767,829
1991	124,952	463,024	194,842	25,920	3,081	n/c	811,819
1992	166,470	536,628	192,594	37,146	10,328	n/c	943,166
1993	169,470	534,725	192,038	41,511	6,712	n/c	944,208
1995	179,337	575,002	198,579	46,861	9,348	n/c	1,009,127
1996	195,159	529,276	163,861	42,548	9,297	n/c	940,141
1997	168,106	510,680	191,693	48,683	9,646	n/c	929,086
1998	252,369	556,191	178,545	41,627	9,646	n/c	1,038,378
2000	242,922	550,541	151,790	40,365	12,082	n/c	997,700

n/c: Not collected.

Notes: Changes in data collection methods include: Before 1992, no attempt was made to adjust for survey nonresponse. Beginning in 1992, survey nonrespondents were contacted to obtain a minimum data set. This is reflected in larger and more consistent numbers of clients.

Sources: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Office of Applied Studies, *National Drug and Alcoholism Treatment Unit Survey* (NDATUS) (1980–1993); *Uniform Facility Data Set Survey* (UFDS) (1995–1998); *National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services* (N-SSATS) (2000).

**Table 30. One-Day Census of Clients in Alcohol and/or Drug Abuse Treatment, by Age Group and by Type of Care, 1987–2000<sup>1</sup>**

Year	Hospital inpatient/residential			Outpatient			All clients
	Under 18	18 or older	Total <sup>2</sup>	Under 18	18 or older	Total <sup>2</sup>	
1987	8,479	76,873	89,686	51,311	443,516	523,699	613,385
1989	8,138	87,417	104,603	61,274	521,524	630,352	734,955
1990	7,587	81,790	93,888	37,998	585,275	673,835	767,723
1991	7,137	85,821	99,150	36,561	608,852	712,669	811,819
1992	10,374	111,723	122,097	42,812	779,970	822,782	944,880
1993	10,463	110,602	121,065	49,357	773,715	823,072	944,137
1995	12,841	132,001	144,842	57,209	807,076	864,285	1,009,127
1996	11,376	103,589	114,965	65,311	759,865	825,176	940,141
1997	10,800	109,330	120,130	70,656	738,300	808,956	929,086
1998	13,842	108,738	122,580	86,480	829,318	915,798	1,038,378
2000	10,428	98,668	109,096	74,315	814,289	888,604	997,700

<sup>1</sup>The following changes in data collection methods are reflected in the table: Before 1992, no attempt was made to adjust for survey nonresponse. Beginning in 1992, survey nonrespondents were contacted to obtain a minimum data set. This is reflected in larger and more consistent numbers of clients. Also, in 1997 only, facilities providing programs for DUI/DWI offenders did not complete the full survey, and did not provide client counts.

<sup>2</sup>Totals include persons of unknown age.

Sources: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Office of Applied Studies, *National Drug and Alcoholism Treatment Unit Survey (NDATUS)* (1987–1993); *Uniform Facility Data Set Survey (UFDS)*, 1995–1998; *National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (N-SSATS)*, 2000.

**Table 31. Estimated Number of Persons Age 12 or Older Who Needed and Received Treatment for an Illicit Drug Problem in the Past Year, by Demographic Characteristics, 2000 (Thousands)**

<b>Demographic characteristics</b>	<b>Needed treatment for an illicit drug problem in the past year</b>			<b>Received treatment at a specialty facility among persons who needed treatment (%)</b>
	<b>Total</b>	<b>Received treatment at a specialty facility</b>	<b>Did not receive treatment at a specialty facility</b>	
Totals	4,655	774	3,881	16.6
Age				
12–17	1,074	122	951	11.4
18–25	1,645	142	1,503	8.6
26 and older	1,937	510	1,427	26.3
Sex				
Male	2,749	411	2,337	15.0
Female	1,907	363	1,544	19.0
Hispanic origin/race				
Not Hispanic:				
White Only	3,235	577	2,659	17.8
Black	632	118	514	*
American Indian/or Alaska Native only	46	4	42	*
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	10	3	7	*
Asian only	54	1	54	*
More than one race	103	21	82	*
Hispanic	574	51	523	9.0

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

Notes: Respondents were classified as needing treatment for an illicit drug problem if they met at least one of three criteria during the past year: (1) dependence on any illicit drug; (2) abuse of any illicit drug; or (3) received treatment for an illicit drug problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers). Illicit drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), inhalants, hallucinogens, heroin, and prescription-type psychotherapeutic (nonmedical use).

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, *Closing the Drug Abuse Treatment Gap: A Report to the President of the United States* (September 2001).

## DRUG AVAILABILITY

**Table 32. Trends in Cocaine Supply, 1989–2000 (Metric Tons)**

Year	Cocaine HCl available for export from producing countries	Cocaine destined for the United States	Cocaine shipped to the United States	Cocaine available for consumption in the United States	Retail value of cocaine in the United States (2000 \$, billions)
1989	709–842	603–716	547–660	432–545	\$88.4
1990	714–851	595–709	509–624	413–528	\$69.9
1991	777–931	635–760	539–664	412–532	\$57.1
1992	834–972	667–778	583–694	437–555	\$49.9
1993	581–692	455–542	375–462	364–463	\$45.0
1994	558–670	428–513	371–456	258–345	\$42.8
1995	616–738	462–553	421–513	287–376	\$40.0
1996	608	455	385	301	\$39.2
1997	560	444	340	275	\$34.7
1998	521	434	341	267	\$34.9
1999	518	431	335	271	\$35.6
2000	501	402	318	259	\$35.3 <sup>1</sup>

Notes: Data in the first four columns for 1985–1995 represent ranges estimated by the U.S. Department of State. Data for 1996–2000 are point estimates derived from ONDCP's *Sequential Transition and Reduction (STAR) Model*.

<sup>1</sup>Retail value for 2000 is projected.

Sources: U.S. Department of State, *International Narcotics Control Strategy Report* (various years); Office of National Drug Control Policy, *Estimation of Cocaine Availability, 1996–2000* (in press); and Office of National Drug Control Policy, *What America's Users Spend on Illegal Drugs, 1988–2000* (in press).

**Table 33. Average Price and Purity of Cocaine and Heroin in the United States, 1981–2000**

Year	Cocaine				Heroin			
	Purchases of 1 gram or less <sup>1</sup>		Purchases of 10–100 pure grams <sup>2</sup>		Purchases of 0.1 gram or less <sup>1</sup>		Purchases of 1–10 pure grams <sup>2</sup>	
	Price per pure gram (\$)	Purity (%)	Price per pure gram (\$)	Purity (%)	Price per pure gram (\$)	Purity (%)	Price per pure gram (\$)	Purity (%)
1981	423	36	201	44	3,295	4	1,207	19
1982	433	36	184	46	3,285	5	1,159	32
1983	399	39	178	50	3,652	6	1,310	29
1984	378	44	153	55	3,485	8	1,293	36
1985	328	40	145	52	3,146	8	1,183	43
1986	315	51	127	64	3,502	9	1,153	37
1987	292	64	104	71	3,306	11	1,164	36
1988	238	75	80	73	3,123	17	960	40
1989	226	78	68	71	2,597	19	790	44
1990	267	69	77	59	2,924	16	878	32
1991	227	78	69	70	3,022	17	872	32
1992	224	76	65	74	2,863	21	687	39
1993	199	74	63	71	2,635	25	536	50
1994	187	73	57	74	2,721	25	433	47
1995	196	67	56	69	2,652	24	384	51
1996	175	72	51	70	2,424	23	378	45
1997	195	65	52	66	2,373	28	336	45
1998	183	68	47	68	2,087	25	331	49
1999	184	64	49	63	1,929	27	304	45
2000 <sup>3</sup>	212	61	51	58	2,088	25	269	47

<sup>1</sup>Quantities purchased at the “retail” level.<sup>2</sup>Quantities purchased at the “dealer” level.<sup>3</sup>2000 data are preliminary, based on first two quarters of data.Source: Office of National Drug Control Policy, *The Price of Illicit Drugs, 1981–2000* (in press).

**Table 34. Federal-wide Cocaine, Heroin, Methamphetamine, and Cannabis Seizures, 1989–2001 (Kilograms)**

Year	Cocaine	Heroin	Methamphetamine	Cannabis	
				Marijuana	Hashish
1989	114,903	1,311	—	393,276	23,043
1990	96,085	687	—	233,478	7,683
1991	128,247	1,448	—	224,603	79,110
1992	120,175	1,251	—	344,899	111
1993	121,215	1,502	7	409,922	11,396
1994	129,378	1,285	178	474,856	561
1995	111,031	1,543	369	627,776	14,470
1996	128,555	1,362	136	638,863	37,851
1997	101,495	1,624	1,099	698,799	756
1998	132,063	1,151	2,779	1,092,604	797
1999	103,975	1,605	3,341	1,234,853	10,878
2000	56,004	581	1,756	645,693	—
2001 <sup>1</sup>	86,620	1,660	1,941	1,057,456	135

— Data not available.

<sup>1</sup>Figures for 2001 are for January through September only.Source: *Federal-wide Drug Seizure System*, Drug Enforcement Administration, 1989–2001.**Table 35. Eradicated Domestic Cannabis by Plant Type, 1982–2001 (Plants in Thousands)**

	Cultivated Plants Outdoors <sup>1</sup>	Ditchweed	Indoor Plants	Total Plants Eradicated
1982	2,590	—	—	2,590
1983	3,794	—	—	3,794
1984	3,803	9,178	—	12,981
1985	3,961	35,270	—	39,231
1986	4,673	125,013	—	129,686
1987	7,433	105,842	—	113,275
1988	5,344	101,932	—	107,329
1989	5,636	124,289	—	129,925
1990	7,329	118,548	—	125,877
1991	5,257	133,786	283	139,326
1992	7,490	264,207	349	272,046
1993	4,049	387,942	290	392,281
1994	4,032	504,414	220	508,665
1995	3,054	370,275	243	373,572
1996	2,843	419,662	217	422,723
1997	3,827	237,140	224	241,193
1998	2,283	132,407	233	134,924
1999	3,205	130,192	208	133,605
2000	2,598	139,581	217	142,396
2001 <sup>2</sup>	2,933	544,221	204	547,358

— Data not available.

Note: Federal data only.

<sup>1</sup>May include tended ditchweed.<sup>2</sup>Through third quarter 2001 only.

Source: Drug Enforcement Administration, 1982–2001.

**Table 36. Estimated Worldwide Potential Net Production of Opium, 1987–2000 (Metric Tons)**

Year	Afghanistan	India	Iran <sup>1</sup>	Pakistan	Total Southwest Asia	Burma	China	Laos	Thailand	Vietnam	Total Southeast Asia	Colombia	Lebanon <sup>2</sup>	Guate-mala	Mexico	Sub-total	Total All Regions
1987	600	—	300	205	1,105	835	—	225	24	—	1,084	—	—	3	50	53	2,242
1988	750	—	—	205	955	1,280	—	255	25	—	1,560	—	—	8	67	75	2,590
1989	585	—	—	130	715	2,430	—	380	50	—	2,860	—	45	12	66	123	3,698
1990	415	—	—	165	580	2,255	—	275	40	—	2,570	—	32	13	62	107	3,257
1991	570	—	—	180	750	2,350	—	265	35	—	2,650	—	34	11	41	86	3,486
1992	640	—	—	175	815	2,280	—	230	24	—	2,534	—	—	—	40	40	3,389
1993	685	—	—	140	825	2,575	—	180	42	—	2,797	—	4	—	49	53	3,675
1994	950	90	—	160	1,200	2,030	25	85	17	—	2,157	—	—	—	60	60	3,417
1995	1,250	77	—	155	1,482	2,340	19	180	25	—	2,564	65	1	—	53	119	4,165
1996	2,174	47	—	75	2,296	2,560	—	200	30	25	2,815	63	1	—	54	118	4,285
1997	2,184	30	—	85	2,299	2,365	—	210	25	45	2,645	66	—	—	46	112	5,056
1998	2,340	—	—	66	2,406	1,750	—	140	16	20	1,926	61	—	—	60	121	4,453
1999	2,861	—	—	37	2,898	1,090	—	140	6	11	1,247	75	—	—	43	118	4,263
2000	3,656	—	—	11	3,667	1,085	—	210	6	15	1,316	—	—	—	21	21	5,004

— Data not available.

<sup>1</sup>Although there is no solid information on Iranian opium production, the U.S. Government estimates that Iran potentially may produce between 35 and 75 metric tons of opium gum annually.<sup>2</sup>There was no information for 1992 production. For 1994, a vigorous eradication campaign reduced potential production to insignificant levels.Source: U.S. Department of State, Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs, *International Narcotics Control Strategy Report* (1988–2001).

**Table 37. Estimated Worldwide Potential Net Production of Cannabis, 1987–2000 (Metric Tons)**

Year	Mexico <sup>1</sup>	Colombia	Jamaica	Belize	Other	Total
1987	5,933	5,600	460	200	1,500	13,693
1988	5,655	7,775	405	120	3,500	17,445
1989	30,200	2,800	190	65	3,500	36,775
1990	19,715	1,500	825	60	3,500	25,600
1991	7,775	1,650	641	49	3,500	13,615
1992	7,795	1,650	263	—	3,500	13,208
1993	6,280	4,125	502	—	3,500	14,407
1994	5,540	4,138	208	—	3,500	13,386
1995	12,400	4,133	206	—	3,500	20,239
1996	11,700	4,133	356	—	3,500	19,689
1997	8,600	4,133	214	—	3,500	16,447
1998	8,300	4,000	—	—	3,500	15,800
1999	3,700	4,000	—	—	3,500	11,200
2000	7,000	4,000	—	—	3,500	14,500

— Data not available.

<sup>1</sup>Cannabis yield figures updated in November 1999, based on information provided by the Mexican Attorney General's Office.

Source: U.S. Department of State, Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs, *International Narcotics Control Strategy Report* (1988–2001).

**Table 38. Estimated Worldwide Potential Net Production of Coca Leaf, 1987–2000 (Metric Tons)**

Year	Bolivia	Colombia <sup>1</sup>	Peru	Ecuador	Total
1987	79,200	20,500	191,000	400	291,100
1988	79,500	27,200	187,700	400	294,800
1989	78,200	33,900	186,300	270	298,670
1990	77,000	32,100	196,900	170	306,170
1991	78,000	30,000	222,700	40	330,740
1992	80,300	29,600	223,900	100	333,900
1993	84,400	31,700	155,500	100	271,700
1994	89,800	35,800	165,300	—	290,900
1995	85,000	229,300	183,600	—	497,900
1996	75,100	302,900	174,700	—	552,700
1997	70,100	347,000	130,200	—	547,300
1998	52,900	437,600	95,600	—	586,100
1999	22,800	521,400	69,200	—	613,400
2000	13,400	583,000	54,400	—	650,800

— Data not available.

<sup>1</sup>Coca and cocaine yield figures for 1995–1999 were revised upward in 1999, based on United States Government studies. See Methodology section of INCSR 2001 for details.

Source: U.S. Department of State, Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs, *International Narcotics Control Strategy Report* (1988–2001).

**Table 39. Domestic Drug Consumption, Calendar Years 1996–2000 (Metric Tons)**

<b>Year</b>	<b>Cocaine</b>	<b>Heroin</b>	<b>Marijuana</b>	<b>Methamphetamine</b>
1988	660	15	894	23
1989	576	17	866	19
1990	447	14	837	16
1991	355	12	793	10
1992	346	12	761	14
1993	331	11	791	19
1994	323	11	874	34
1995	321	12	848	54
1996	301	13	874	54
1997	275	12	960	35
1998	267	14	952	27
1999	271	14	1,028	18
2000 <sup>1</sup>	259	13	1,047	20

<sup>1</sup>Estimated.Source: Office of National Drug Control Policy, *What America's Users Spend on Illegal Drugs, 1988–2000* (in press).**Table 40. Trends in Heroin Supply, 1996–2000 (Metric Tons)**

<b>Year</b>	<b>Heroin availability prior to border entry</b>	<b>Heroin availability after border entry</b>	<b>Heroin available for consumption in the United States</b>	<b>Retail value of heroin in the United States (1998 dollars, billions)</b>
1996	13.3	12.7	12.4	\$12.75
1997	14.2	13.3	13.1	\$11.44
1998	13.5	12.8	12.5	\$11.12
1999 <sup>1</sup>	13.7	13.1	12.9	\$10.08
2000 <sup>1</sup>	13.7	13.0	12.9	\$10.04

<sup>1</sup>Retail values for 1999 and 2000 are projected.Sources: Office of National Drug Control Policy, *Estimating Heroin Availability* (2000). Retail value data are from Office of National Drug Control Policy, *What America's Users Spend on Illegal Drugs, 1988–2000*, (in press).

**Table 41. Amount of Coca Leaf Cultivated and Eradicated, Calendar Years 1987–2000 (Hectares)**

Year	Cultivated			Eradicated		
	Bolivia	Colombia	Peru	Bolivia	Colombia	Peru
1987	41,400	22,960	109,155	1,040	460	355
1988	50,400	34,230	115,530	1,475	230	5,130
1989	55,400	43,400	121,685	2,500	640	1,285
1990	58,400	41,000	121,300	8,100	900	—
1991	53,386	38,472	120,800	5,486	972	—
1992	48,652	38,059	129,100	3,152	959	—
1993	49,597	40,493	108,800	2,397	793	—
1994	49,158	49,610	108,600	1,058	4,910	—
1995	54,093	59,650	115,300	5,493	8,750	—
1996	55,612	72,800	95,659	7,512	5,600	1,259
1997	52,826	98,500	72,262	7,026	19,000	3,462
1998	49,621	—	58,825	11,621	—	7,825
1999	38,779	—	52,500	16,999	43,246	13,800
2000	22,253	183,200	40,200	7,653	47,000	6,200

— Data not available.

Source: U.S. Department of State, Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs, *International Narcotics Control Strategy Report* (1988–2001). Data for 1992–2000 are from the March 2001 report.**Table 42. Amount of Opium Poppy Cultivated and Eradicated, Calendar Years 1990–2000 (Hectares)**

Year	Afghanistan	Pakistan	Burma	Laos	Thailand	Colombia	Guatemala	Mexico <sup>1</sup>
<b>Cultivated</b>								
1990	12,370	8,405	150,100	30,580	3,435	—	1,930	10,100
1991	17,190	8,645	160,000	29,625	3,000	2,316	1,721	10,130
1992	19,470	9,147	154,915	25,610	3,630	32,858	1,200	10,170
1993	21,080	7,136	166,404	26,040	2,880	29,821	864	11,780
1994	29,180	7,733	149,945	18,520	2,110	23,906	200	12,415
1995	38,740	6,950	154,070	19,650	2,330	10,300	125	13,500
1996	37,950	4,267	163,100	25,250	3,050	12,328	12	13,000
1997	39,150	4,754	165,651	28,150	2,700	13,572	10	12,000
1998	41,720	5,224	146,494	—	2,065	—	15	15,000
1999	51,500	2,767	99,300	—	1,643	—	1	11,500
2000	64,510	2,219	108,700	—	1,647	—	1	9,500
<b>Eradicated</b>								
1990	—	185	—	0	720	—	1,085	4,650
1991	—	440	1,012	0	1,200	1,156	576	6,545
1992	—	977	1,215	0	1,580	12,858	470	11,583
1993	—	856	604	0	0	9,821	426	13,015
1994	—	463	3,345	0	0	3,906	150	11,036
1995	—	0	0	0	580	3,760	86	15,389
1996	—	867	0	0	880	6,028	12	14,671
1997	—	654	10,501	0	1,050	6,972	3	17,732
1998	—	2,194	16,194	—	715	—	12	17,449
1999	—	1,197	9,800	—	808	—	1	15,469
2000	—	1,704	0	—	757	9,254	1	15,300

— Data not available.

<sup>1</sup>The eradication figures shown for 1992–2000 are derived from data supplied by Mexican authorities to INCSR. The effective eradication figure is an estimate of the actual amount of crop destroyed—factoring in replanting, repeated spraying of one area, and other factors.Source: U.S. Department of State, Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs, *International Narcotics Control Strategy Report* (1988–2001). Data for 1992–2000 are from the March 2001 report.

**Table 43. Amount of Cannabis Cultivated and Eradicated by Foreign Countries, Calendar Years 1990–2000 (Hectares)**

Year	Cultivated			Eradicated		
	Mexico	Jamaica	Colombia	Mexico <sup>1</sup>	Jamaica	Colombia
1990	—	2,250	2,000	6,750	1,030	500
1991	—	1,783	2,000	10,795	833	0
1992	28,520	1,200	2,049	16,872	811	49
1993	21,190	1,200	5,050	16,645	456	50
1994	19,045	1,000	5,000	14,227	692	14
1995	18,650	1,000	5,000	21,573	695	20
1996	18,700	1,000	5,000	22,961	473	—
1997	15,300	1,060	5,000	23,576	743	—
1998	14,100	—	5,000	23,928	705	—
1999	23,100	—	5,000	33,583	894	—
2000	16,900	—	5,000	33,000	517	—

— Data not available.

<sup>1</sup>The eradication figures shown for 1992–2000 are derived from data supplied by Mexican authorities to INCSR. The effective eradication figure is an estimate of the actual amount of crop destroyed—factoring in replanting, repeated spraying of one area, and other factors.Source: U.S. Department of State, Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs, *International Narcotics Control Strategy Report* (1988–2001). Data for 1992–2000 are from the March 2001 report.**Table 44. Amount of Cocaine Seized by Foreign Countries, Calendar Years 1990–2000 (Metric Tons)**

Year	South America	Caribbean	Central America	Mexico
1990	71	7	21	49
1991	112	7	28	50
1992	69	8	24	39
1993	65	3	25	46
1994	102	3	15	22
1995	91	5	10	22
1996	94	3	18	24
1997	95	4	28	35
1998	142	7	24	23
1999	82	7	15	34
2000	108	6	10	18

Source: U.S. Department of State, Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs, *International Narcotics Control Strategy Report* (March 2001).

**Table 45. Amount of Heroin Seized by Foreign Countries, Calendar Years 1990–2000 (Kilograms)**

Year	Pakistan		Thailand		China		Laos		Colombia	
	Heroin	Opium	Heroin	Opium	Heroin	Opium	Heroin	Opium	Heroin	Opium
1990	6,400	8,200	1,100	800	1,445	720	40	575	0	0
1991	5,700	5,900	1,500	1,500	2,621	2,327	15	165	0	0
1992	2,900	3,400	992	600	4,489	2,660	2	281	50	430
1993	3,900	4,400	2,100	2,200	4,459	3,354	1	54	261	261
1994	6,200	14,360	1,100	600	3,881	1,737	62	54	181	128
1995	18,040	215,520	690	920	2,376	1,110	43	194	419	78
1996	4,050	8,080	390	620	3,500	1,400	16	216	183	36
1997	5,070	8,540	320	700	5,470	1,600	72	200	261	120
1998	3,330	5,020	530	1,500	—	—	80	442	317	100
1999	4,980	16,320	310	440	—	—	15	226	504	183
2000	7,410	7,840	290	630	—	—	20	78	572	—

— Data not available.

Source: U.S. Department of State, Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs, *International Narcotics Control Strategy Report* (1988–2001). Data for 1992–2000 are from the March 2001 report.

**Table 46. Amount of Marijuana Seized by Foreign Countries, Calendar Years 1990–2000 (Metric Tons)**

Year	Mexico	Jamaica	Colombia	Pakistan	Thailand	Other
1990	408	29	664	241	130	10
1991	255	43	329	237	54	17
1992	405	35	206	188	87	71
1993	495	75	549	189	98	130
1994	528	46	2,000	178	71	32
1995	780	37	166	544	46	31
1996	1,015	53	235	202	44	64
1997	1,038	24	136	109	9	37
1998	1,062	36	69	65	6	26
1999	1,459	56	65	81	45	29
2000	1,619	56	46	108	7	93

Source: U.S. Department of State, Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs, *International Narcotics Control Strategy Report* (1988–2001). Data for 1992–2000 are from the March 2001 report.

**Table 47. Number of Drug Labs Destroyed by Foreign Countries, Calendar Years 1990–2000**

Year	Bolivia		Brazil	Colombia		Ecuador	Peru	Mexico	Thailand		Pakistan
	Coca base	Cocaine HCl	Cocaine HCl	Cocaine & base	Morphine & Heroin	Cocaine HCl	Coca base	Not specified	Heroin labs	Methamphetamines	Not specified
1990	1,446	33	3	269	—	1	151	13	2	—	—
1991	1,461	34	3	239	5	4	89	9	5	—	18
1992	1,393	17	0	224	7	0	88	4	0	—	11
1993	1,300	10	5	401	10	0	38	5	2	—	13
1994	1,891	32	0	560	9	0	21	9	0	—	18
1995	2,226	18	0	396	11	0	21	19	1	—	15
1996	2,033	7	0	861	9	1	14	19	2	1	10
1997	1,022	1	0	213	9	0	18	8	3	19	4
1998	1,205	1	2	311	10	2	—	7	1	13	0
1999	89	1	2	156	10	2	—	—	0	14	2
2000	62	2	—	—	—	0	—	—	0	9	0

— Data not available.

Source: U.S. Department of State, Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs, *International Narcotics Control Strategy Report* (1988–2001). Data for 1992–2000 are from the March 2001 report.

**Table 48. DEA-Reported Seizures of MDMA, 1998–2001**

Year	Non-Analyzed <sup>1</sup>		Analyzed <sup>2</sup>
	Grams	Dosage Units	Dosage Units
1998	20,977	184,206	143,613
1999	180,887	543,996	1,054,973
2000	358,225	3,084,215	3,300,864
2001 <sup>3</sup>	98,819	792,612	3,072,704

<sup>1</sup>Figures based on DEA *Information-7* report.

<sup>2</sup>Figures based on lab analyses, data taken from STRIDE (dosage units calculated at 0.125 grams per tablet).

<sup>3</sup>2001 data through September 2001.

Sources: STRIDE and DEA *Information-7* reports (FDSS tabulation of MDMA commenced April 2001).